

# Ischemia in patients with non-obstructive disease

(INOCA) in Italy:

**How to Do Networking  
lessons from INOCA IT**

**(RF-2019-12369486)**

Prof. Alaide Chieffo

Vita Salute San Raffaele University  
Interventional Cardiology Unit  
IRCCS San Raffaele Scientific Institute, Milan

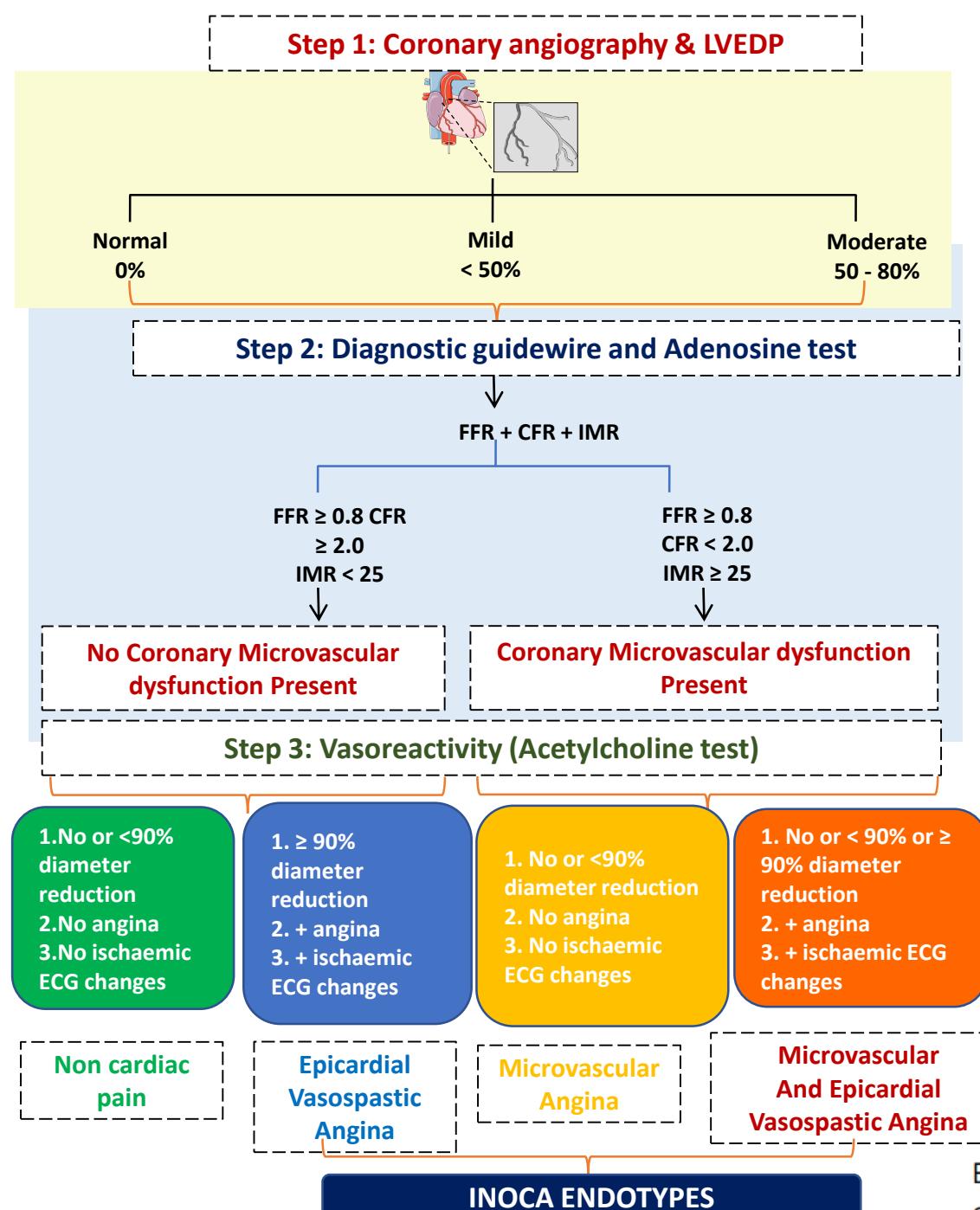


# An EAPCI Expert Consensus Document on Ischaemia with Non-Obstructive Coronary Arteries in Collaboration with European Society of Cardiology Working Group on Coronary Pathophysiology & Microcirculation Endorsed by Coronary Vasomotor Disorders International Study Group

Vijay Kunadian  (UK, Document Chair)<sup>1\*†</sup>, Alaide Chieffo (Italy, Document Co-Chair)<sup>2†</sup>, Paolo G. Camici (Italy)<sup>3</sup>, Colin Berry  (UK)<sup>4</sup>, Javier Escaned  (Spain)<sup>5</sup>, Angela H. E. M. Maas  (Netherlands)<sup>6</sup>, Eva Prescott (Denmark)<sup>7</sup>, Nicole Karam  (France)<sup>8</sup>, Yolande Appelman (Netherlands)<sup>9</sup>, Chiara Fraccaro  (Italy)<sup>10</sup>, Gill Louise Buchanan (UK)<sup>11</sup>, Stephane Manzo-Silberman (France)<sup>12</sup>, Rasha Al-Lamee  (UK)<sup>13</sup>, Evelyn Regar (Germany)<sup>14</sup>, Alexandra Lansky  (USA, UK)<sup>15,16</sup>, J. Dawn Abbott  (USA)<sup>17</sup>, Lina Badimon  (Spain)<sup>18</sup>, Dirk J. Duncker  (Netherlands)<sup>19</sup>, Roxana Mehran (USA)<sup>20</sup>, Davide Capodanno (Italy)<sup>21</sup>, and Andreas Baumbach  <sup>22,23</sup>(UK, USA)

<sup>1</sup>Translational and Clinical Research Institute, Faculty of Medical Sciences, Newcastle University and Cardiothoracic Centre, Freeman Hospital, Newcastle upon Tyne NHS Foundation Trust, M4146 4th Floor William Leech Building, Newcastle upon Tyne NE2 4HH, UK; <sup>2</sup>IRCCS San Raffaele Scientific Institute, Milan, Italy; <sup>3</sup>Vita Salute University and San Raffaele Hospital, Milan, Italy; <sup>4</sup>British Heart Foundation Glasgow Cardiovascular Research Centre, Institute of Cardiovascular and Medical Sciences, University of Glasgow, Glasgow, UK; <sup>5</sup>Hospital Clínico San Carlos IDISCC, Complutense University, Madrid, Spain; <sup>6</sup>Department of Cardiology, Radboud University Medical Center, Nijmegen, the Netherlands; <sup>7</sup>Department of Cardiology, Bispebjerg University Hospital, Copenhagen, Denmark; <sup>8</sup>European Hospital Georges Pompidou (Cardiology Department), Paris University and Paris Cardiovascular Research Center (INSERM U970), Paris, France; <sup>9</sup>Department of Cardiology, Amsterdam UMC, Location VU University Medical Center, Amsterdam, the Netherlands; <sup>10</sup>Department of Cardiac, Thoracic and Vascular Science and Public Health, Padova, Italy; <sup>11</sup>North Cumbria Integrated Care NHS Foundation Trust, Cumbria, UK; <sup>12</sup>Department of Cardiology, Lariboisière Hospital Paris University, Paris, France; <sup>13</sup>National Heart and Lung Institute, Imperial College London, London, UK; <sup>14</sup>Ludwig-Maximilians-University, Munich, Germany; <sup>15</sup>Section of Cardiovascular Medicine, Yale University School of Medicine, New Haven, CT, USA; <sup>16</sup>Barts Heart Centre, St Bartholomew's Hospital, West Smithfield, London, UK; <sup>17</sup>Lifespan Cardiovascular Institute and Warren Alpert Medical School of Brown University, Providence, RI, USA; <sup>18</sup>Cardiovascular Program-ICCC, IR-Hospital de la Santa Creu i Sant Pau, OberCV, Barcelona, Spain; <sup>19</sup>Erasmus MC, University Medical Center Rotterdam, Rotterdam, the Netherlands; <sup>20</sup>Zena and Michael A. Wiener Cardiovascular Institute, Mount Sinai Hospital, New York, NY, USA; <sup>21</sup>CardioThoracic-Vascular and Transplant Department, A.O.U. 'Policlinico-Vittorio Emanuele', University of Catania, Catania, Italy; <sup>22</sup>Centre for Cardiovascular Medicine and Devices, William Harvey Research Institute, Queen Mary University of London and Barts Heart Centre, London, UK; and <sup>23</sup>Yale University School of Medicine, New Haven, CT, USA

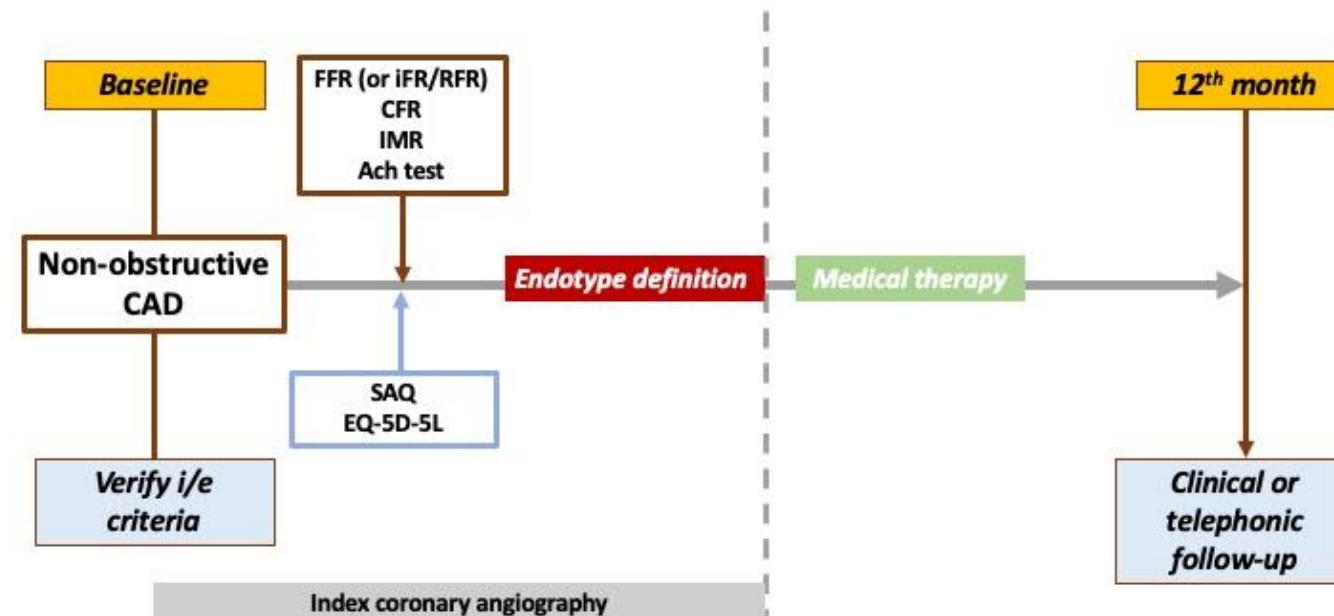
# Invasive Evaluation



# Ischemia in patients with non-obstructive disease (INOCA) in Italy

## INOCA IT Multicenter Registry (RF-2019-12369486)

- Multicenter, prospective, non-randomized, single-arm, open label clinical study
- 200 patients with angina and/or positive stress test undergoing clinical indicated CA detecting non obstructive CAD

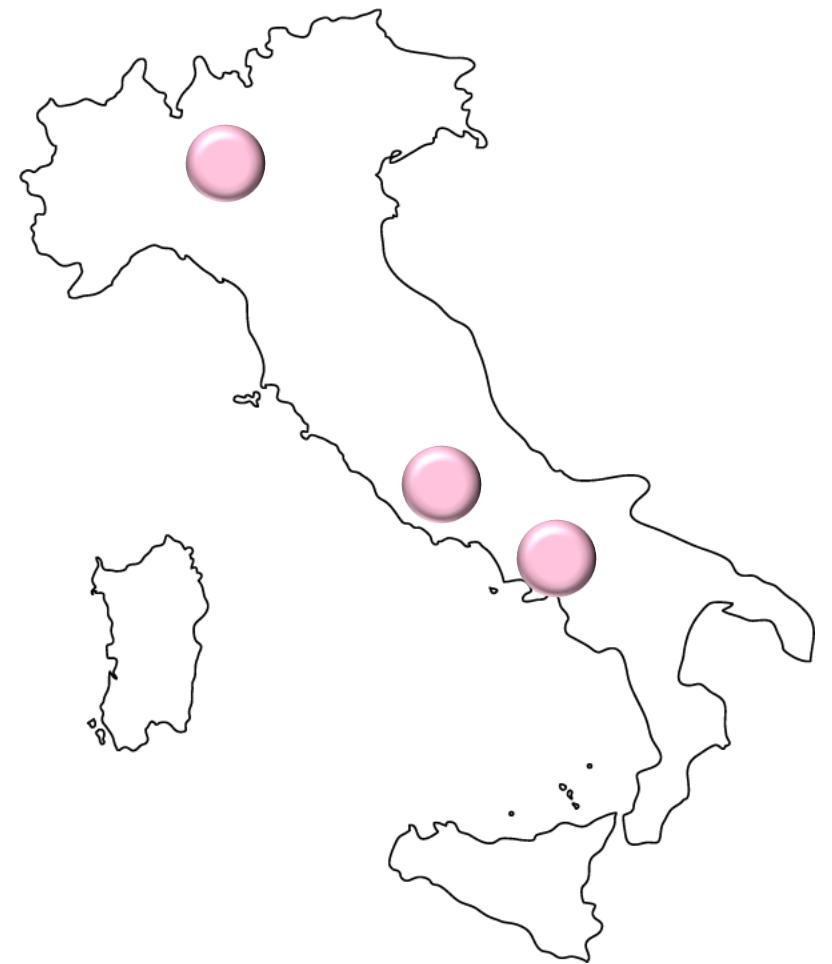


**Ischemia in patients with non-obstructive disease (INOCA) in Italy:  
INOCA IT Multicenter Registry. (RF-2019-12369486)**



## **Centers involved**

- U.O Emodinamica e Cardiologia interventistica, IRCCS  
Ospedale San Raffaele, Milano
- Dipartimento di Scienze Cardiovascolari e Toraciche  
Fondazione Policlinico Universitario A. Gemelli IRCCS,  
Roma
- Dipartimento Assistenziale Integrato di Emergenze  
Cardiovascolari, Medicina Clinica e dell'Invecchiamento  
Azienda Ospedaliera Universitaria Federico II, Napoli



**Ischemia in patients with non-obstructive disease  
(INOCA) in Italy:  
INOCA IT Multicenter Registry. (RF-2019-12369486)**



## **Study Objectives**

1. To investigate the prevalence of INOCA in women vs. men who are referred for a clinically indicated coronary angiography in three Centers in Northern, Central and Southern Italy
2. To stratify in INOCA endotypes patients according to the presence or absence of alternative (i.e. non obstructive CAD) causes of myocardial ischemia detected during CA clinically indicated through physiology tests
3. To implement a stratified therapy in these patients considering the different INOCA endotypes and evaluate the impact on angina class and quality of life as well as cardiac hospitalization and coronary revascularization during 1 year follow up





**FOGLIO INFORMATIVO,  
DICHIARAZIONE DI CONSENSO  
E INFORMATIVA PRIVACY**  
per un paziente adulto capace di dare personalmente  
il consenso

Modulo di consenso informato: Versione 3.0 del 12/07/2021

Parte 1

Gentile signora/e,

1) In questo Istituto Le viene proposto di partecipare ad una ricerca clinica sul ruolo di parametri di funzionalità (fisiologia) del microcircolo coronarico per l'identificazione e la caratt condizione definita dal termine ischemia cardiaca in assenza di patologia ostruttiva delle arterie coronarie (INOCA). Qi legato ad una varietà di disturbi funzionali del microcircolo coronarico, si riscontra in circa donne di mezza età, e conferisce un aumentato rischio di eventi cardiovascolari ischemici, iv mocardico e scompenso cardiaco), oltre ad avere un significativo impatto negativo sulla stato attuale, la gestione terapeutica dei pazienti affetti da INOCA è controversa, tutt emerge che un trattamento specifico, guidato dalla valutazione invasiva dei parametri microcircolo coronarico, può ridurre i sintomi e migliorare la qualità di vita di quest' questa ricerca potrebbero aiutare, quindi, a riconoscere e caratterizzare la distinzione di dell'INOCA e garantire l'accesso ad una terapia individualizzata con lo scopo di progrası di tale patologia.

Il titolo dello studio è: "Ischemia in pazienti con malattia coronarica non ostruttiva Registro Multicentrico INOCA IT (RF-2019-12369486).

Questo studio è nazionale, prospettico, interventistico, multicentrico, non randomizzato che si propone di arruolare in 3 centri italiani 200 pazienti consecutivi di con sospetta cardiopatia ischemica cronica in assenza di coronaropatia ostruttiva clinicamente indicata.

Lo studio è promosso dall'IRCCS San Raffaele (centro coordinatore) e finanziato dallo studio dall'IRCCS San Raffaele della collaborazione e della disp Per svolgere tale ricerca abbiano bisogno della collaborazione e della disp soddisfare i requisiti scientifici idonei alla valutazione che verrà eseguita. Per svolgere tale ricerca sulla quale Lei ha già avuto informazioni detto studio.

Prima, però, che Lei prenda la decisione di accettare o rifiutare queste pagine di attenzione, prendendo tutto il tempo che Le necessita, queste pagine di par avesse ben compreso o avesse bisogno di ulteriori precisazioni. I decedere può chiedere un parere ai suoi familiari o ad un suo medico.

2) Questa ricerca si propone come obiettivo generale di: Migliorare la conoscenza della malattia del paziente. In particolare, con la ricerca che qui Le presentiamo, caratterizzare i pazienti che presentano ischemia cardiaca coronarica. Questi pazienti possono presentare una varietà di che complessivamente conferiscono un aumento rischio di

Sistema Somatico + ReLo

# Ischemia in patients with non-obstructive disease (INOCA) in Italy

## INOCA IT Multicenter Registry. (RF-2019-12369486)

JACC Vol. 25, No. 2  
February 1995:333-41

SPERTUS ET AL.  
SEATTLE ANGINA QUESTIONNAIRE

339

### Appendix

#### The Seattle Angina Questionnaire

1. The following is a list of activities that people often do during the week. Although for some people with several medical problems it is difficult to determine what it is that limits them, please go over the activities listed below and indicate how much limitation you have had due to chest pain, chest tightness, or angina over the past 4 weeks.
- Place an x in one box on each line.

Activity	Severely Limited	Moderately Limited	Somewhat Limited	A Little Limited	Not Limited	Limited, or did not do for other reasons
Dressing yourself	<input type="checkbox"/>					
Walking indoors on level ground	<input type="checkbox"/>					
Showering	<input type="checkbox"/>					
Climbing a hill or a flight of stairs without stopping	<input type="checkbox"/>					
Gardening, vacuuming, or carrying groceries	<input type="checkbox"/>					
Walking more than a block at a brisk pace	<input type="checkbox"/>					
Running or jogging	<input type="checkbox"/>					
Lifting or moving heavy objects (e.g. furniture, children)	<input type="checkbox"/>					
Participating in strenuous sports (e.g. swimming, tennis)	<input type="checkbox"/>					

2. Compared with 4 weeks ago, how often do you have chest pain, chest tightness, or angina when doing your most strenuous level of activity?

I have had chest pain, chest tightness, or angina...

Much more often	Slightly more often	About the same	Slightly less often	Much less often
<input type="checkbox"/>				

3. Over the past 4 weeks, on average, how many times have you had chest pain, chest tightness, or angina?

I get chest pain, chest tightness, or angina...

4 or more times per day	1-3 times per day	3 or more times per week but not every day	1-2 times per week	Less than once a week	None over the past 4 weeks
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>



Questionario sulla Salute  
Versione italiana per l'Italia  
(Italian version for Italy)



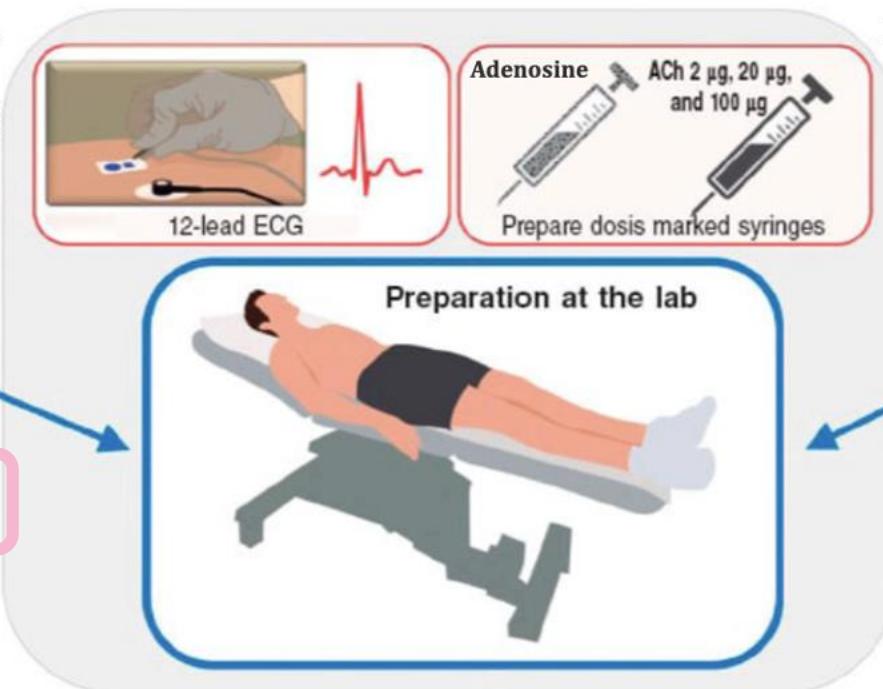
# In the Cath Lab...

## Ischemia in patients with non-obstructive disease (INOCA) in Italy: INOCA IT Multicenter Registry. (RF-2019-12369486)



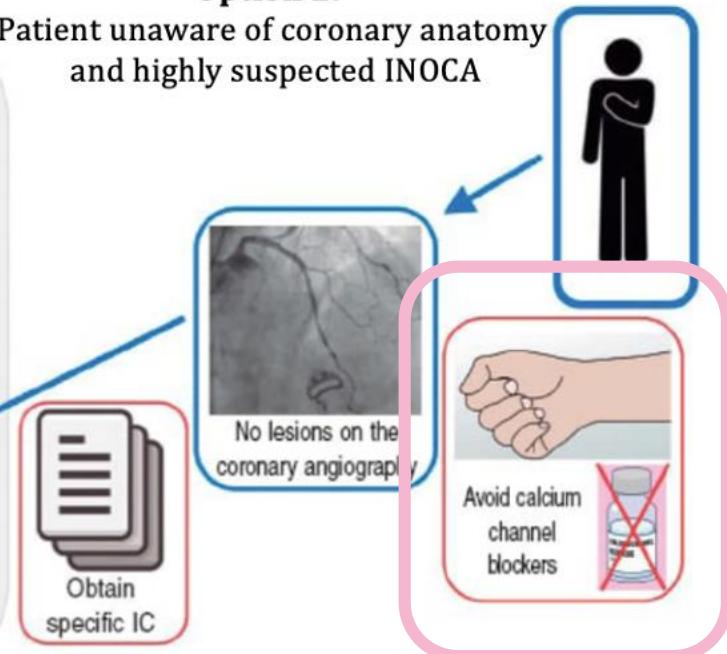
### Option 1:

Patient referred to undergo coronary functional test (known coronary anatomy)

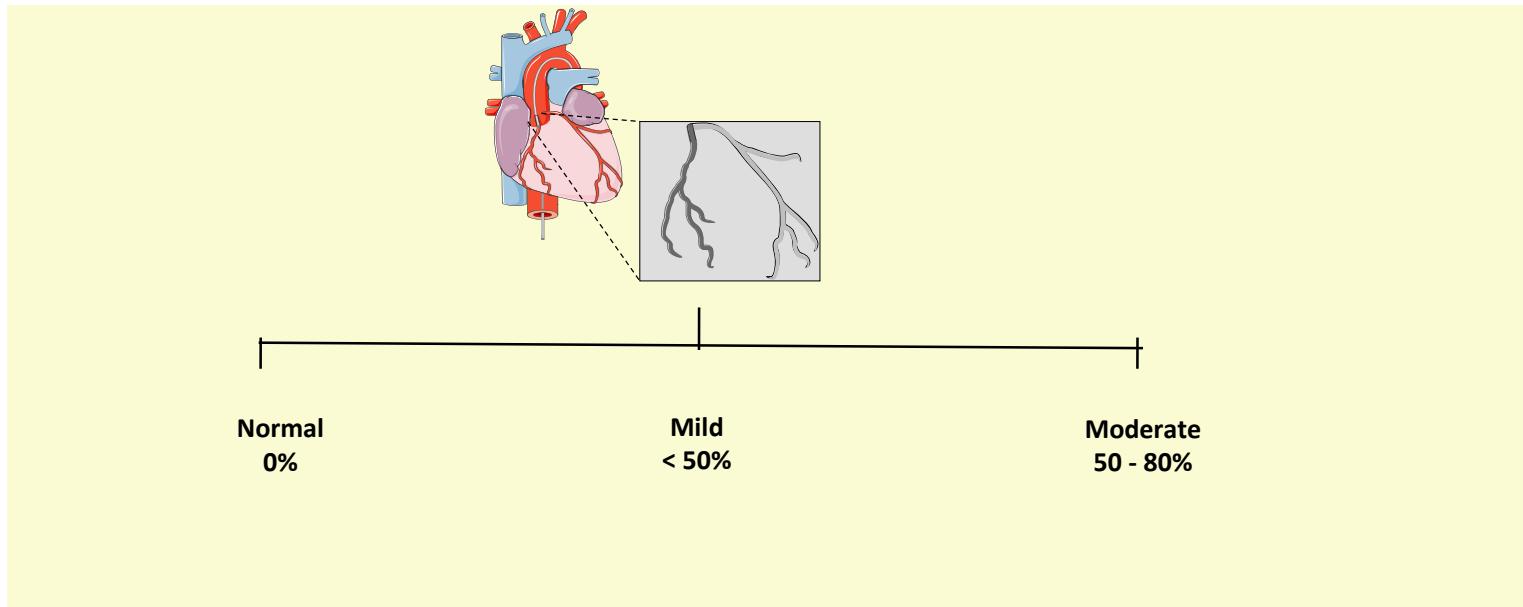


### Option 2:

Patient unaware of coronary anatomy and highly suspected INOCA



# Step 1: Coronary angiography



## Step 2. Coronary function testing: Diagnostic guidewire and Adenosine test

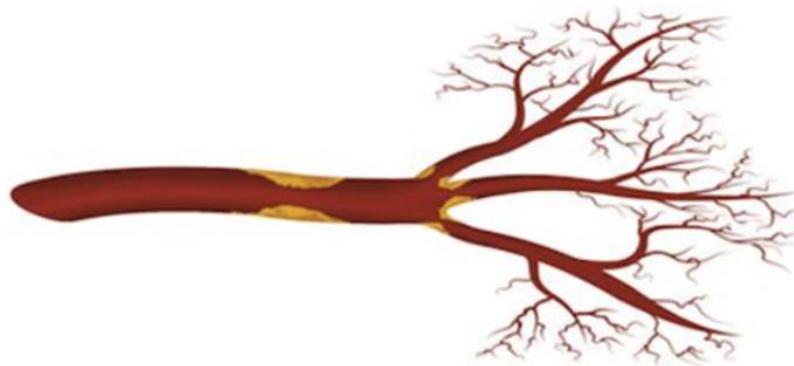
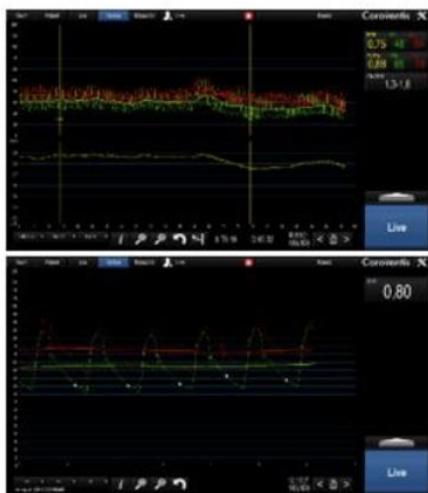
- Intravenous Adenosine (140 mcg/kg/min) to inducing steady-state hyperaemia and achieve endothelium-independent vasodilation



## Step 2. Coronary function testing: Diagnostic guidewire and Adenosine test

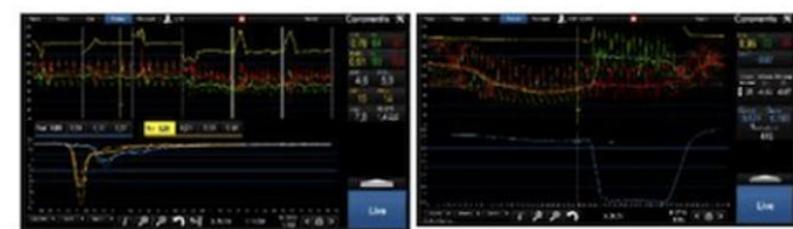
### Epicardial assessment

- FFR, RFR, Pd/Pa
- Pullback

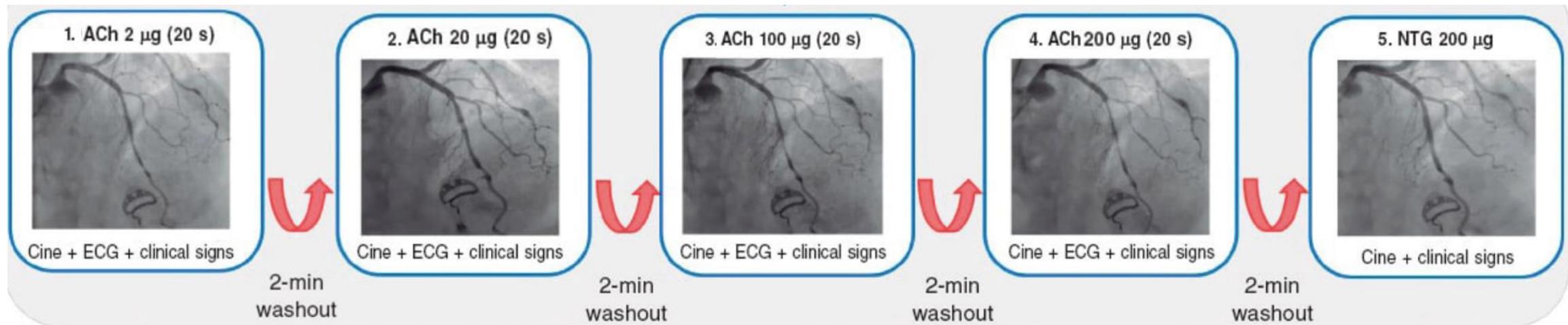


### Microvascular assessment

- IMR, RRR
- CFR, PB-CFR
- Absolute Flow/Resistance

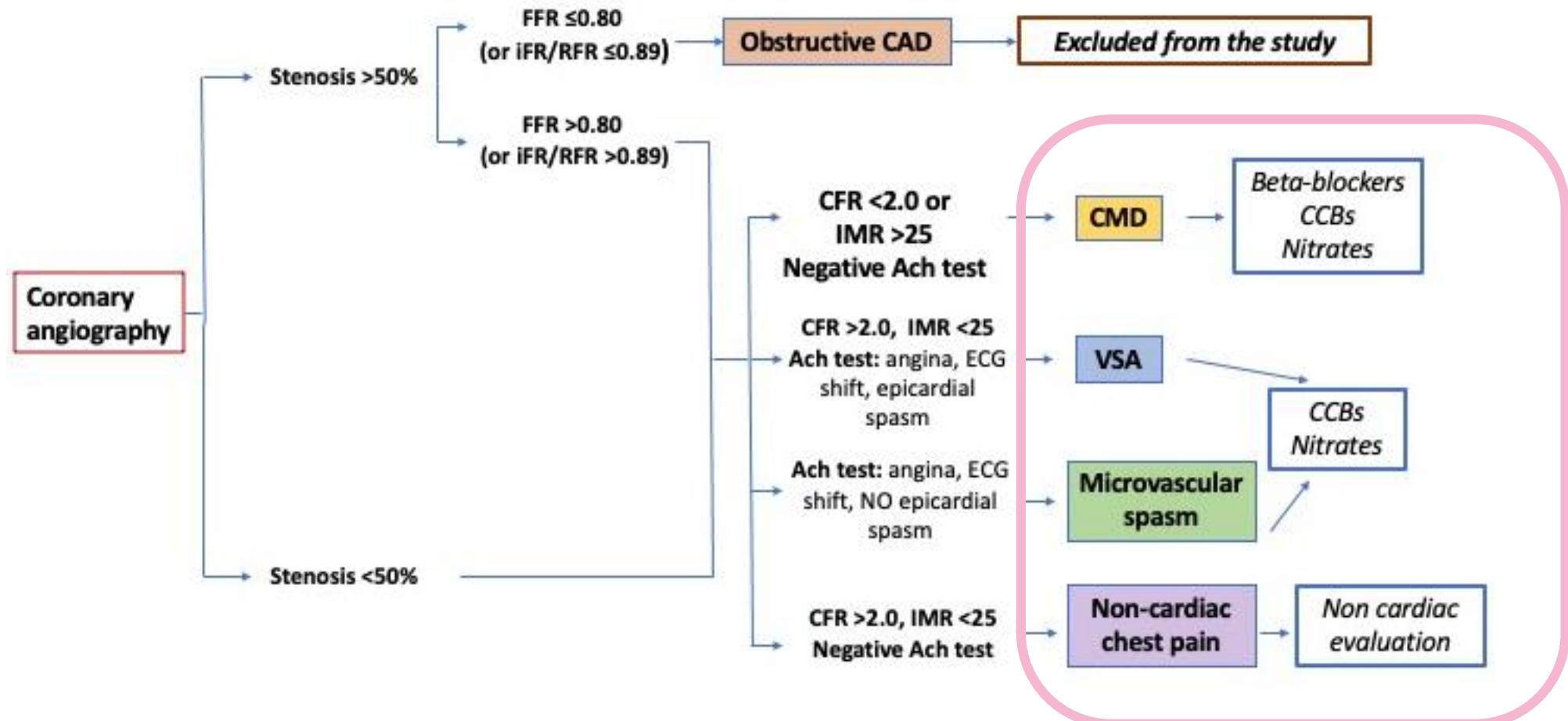


## Step 3. Vasoreactivity Testing: Acetylcholine Test



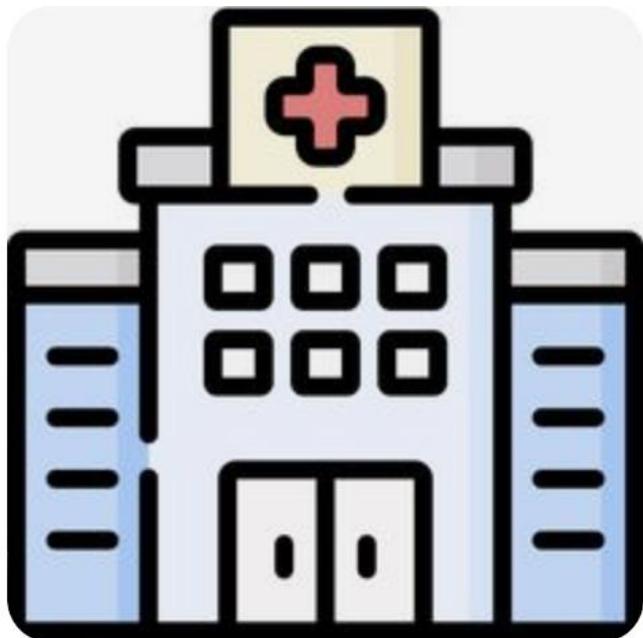


# Treatment Schedule





# INTEGRAZIONE OSPEDALE-TERRITORIO





# 28.06.2022: PRIMO INCONTRO IN VIDEOCONFERENZA

## CARDIOLOGI DEL TERRITORIO – Area Metropolitana Milano





# 17.12.2022: SECONDO INCONTRO IN PRESENZA

**“DONNE E CUORE”**  
COME IDENTIFICARE E TRATTARE INOCA  
DAL TERRITORIO AL LABORATORIO DI EMODINAMICA

17 DICEMBRE 2022 GLAM HOTEL MILANO

R E S

## PROGRAMMA SCIENTIFICO

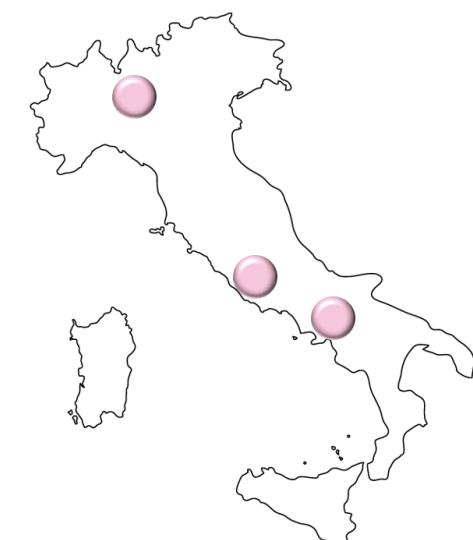
- 08.30 Apertura segreteria, registrazione partecipanti
- 09.00 Introduzione al corso e obiettivi  
*Alaide Chieffo, Cristiana Valerio*
- 09.30 Planeta donna: fattori di rischio cardiovascolari sesso specifici e quadri clinici differenti.  
*Cristiana Valerio*
- 10.00 Diagnosi e cura dei pazienti con ischemia miocardica in presenza di coronaropatia non ostruttiva: disfunzione micro vascolare e/o vaso spasmo epicardico  
*Alaide Chieffo*
- 11.00 Coffee break
- 11.15 Registro Italiano Multicentrico su Ischemia in coronaropatia non ostruttiva (INOCA IT) RF 2019-12369486, finanziato dal Ministero della salute.  
*Giulia Ghizzoni*
- 12.00 Discussione sulle tematiche precedentemente trattate e conclusioni  
*Alaide Chieffo, Cristiana Valerio, Giulia Ghizzoni*
- 13.00 Chiusura del corso

## FACULTY

Alaide Chieffo  
Cristiana Valerio  
Giulia Ghizzoni



# 11.02.2023: TERZO INCONTRO IN PRESENZA E VIDEOCONFERENZA (MULTICENTRICO)





# 11.02.2023: TERZO INCONTRO IN PRESENZA E VIDEOCONFERENZA (MULTICENTRICO)



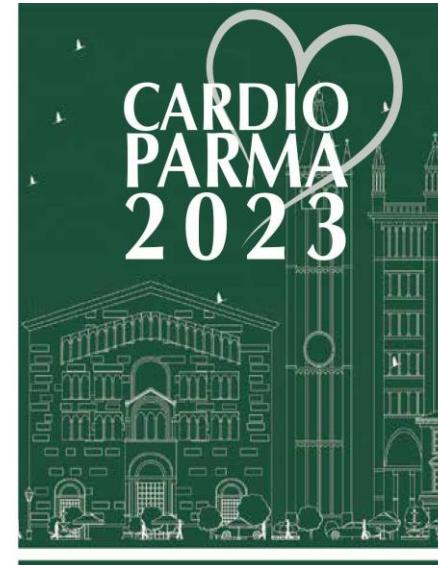


# Partecipazione ad Eventi sul Territorio

**24.02.2023: PIACENZA .**



**14.10.2023: PARMA**



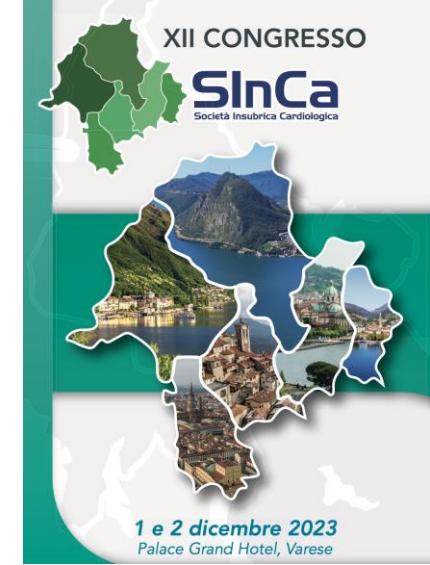
**28.10.2023: MILANO LOANO**



**15 11 2023 ANCE : MILANO.**



**1.12. 2023. SINCA**



**27.03.2023: MILANO**



Bergamo Grey Zones  
9/10 giugno 2023

Brescia Cuore  
24/25 novembre 2023



# INFORMAZIONE & RICERCA

I.R.C.C.S. Ospedale  
San Raffaele  
Gruppo San Donato

## Ischemia con coronaropatia non ostruttiva: cos'è e perché è importante fare ricerca

PUBBLICATO IL 01 APRILE 2022

Al San Raffaele un nuovo studio multicentrico finanziato dal Ministero della Salute per comprendere meglio questa malattia ancora poco conosciuta, che colpisce soprattutto le donne



≡

**Valigia Blu LIVE**  
Perugia  
17-21 aprile  
#ijf24

IN CAMMINO PER CAPIRE IL MONDO

Valigia Blu è senza editori,  
senza pubblicità, senza paywall

Sostieni l'edizione 2024 di Valigia Blu



Come spiega a *Valigia Blu* Alaide Chieffo, cardiologa interventista, coordinatrice di area di attività di ricerca clinica all'Unità di Cardiologia Interventistica ed Emodinamica presso l'IRCCS Ospedale San Raffaele, "Le differenze relative alle patologie cardiache nella sindrome coronarica acuta e cronica sono in primo luogo inerenti alla sintomatologia e alla presentazione clinica. Spesso le donne non presentano dolore toracico 'classico' ma mancanza di respiro, dolore epigastrico, stanchezza e questo rende più difficile la diagnosi per il paziente stesso ma anche per gli stessi medici".

Nonostante ciò, dice la dottoressa Chieffo, che è anche presidente eletta della [European association of Percutaneous Cardiovascular Interventions](#), "in Italia come nel resto del mondo vi è tuttora limitata conoscenza da parte della comunità scientifica sulla cardiologia di genere. Tuttavia, negli ultimi anni grazie al lavoro delle società scientifiche nazionali e internazionali sempre più spazio è dedicato alla discussione" sull'argomento "con creazione di gruppi di studio in seno alle

# L'ischemia miocardica in assenza di coronaropatia ostruttiva: stato dell'arte

Giulia Ghizzoni<sup>1,2</sup>, Luigi Di Serafino<sup>3</sup>, Giulia Botti<sup>1,2</sup>, Domenico Galante<sup>4,5</sup>, Domenico D'Amario<sup>6</sup>, Stefano Benenati<sup>7,8</sup>, Filippo Luca Gurgoglion<sup>9</sup>, Renzo Laborante<sup>10</sup>, Graziella Pompei<sup>11</sup>, Italo Porto<sup>7,12</sup>, Gianluca Calogero Campo<sup>11</sup>, Giampaolo Niccoli<sup>9</sup>, Giovanni Esposito<sup>3</sup>, Antonio Maria Leone<sup>4,5</sup>, Alaide Chieffo<sup>1,2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Università Vita-Salute San Raffaele, Milano

<sup>2</sup>IRCCS Ospedale San Raffaele, Milano

<sup>3</sup>Dipartimento di Scienze Biomediche Avanzate, Università degli Studi "Federico II", Napoli

<sup>4</sup>Ospedale Fatebenefratelli Isola Tiberina-Gemelli Isola, Roma

<sup>5</sup>Fondazione Policlinico Universitario Agostino Gemelli IRCCS, Roma

<sup>6</sup>Dipartimento di Cardiologia Traslazionale, Università del Piemonte Orientale, Novara

<sup>7</sup>Dipartimento di Medicina Interna, Università degli Studi, Genova

<sup>8</sup>Oxford Heart Centre, Oxford University Hospitals, NHS Trust, Oxford, UK

<sup>9</sup>Azienda Ospedaliero-Universitaria di Parma, Parma

<sup>10</sup>Dipartimento di Scienze Cardiovascolari e Polmonari, Università Cattolica del Sacro Cuore, Roma

<sup>11</sup>U.O. Cardiologia, Azienda Ospedaliero-Universitaria di Ferrara, Cona (FE)

<sup>12</sup>U.O. Cardiologia, Dipartimento Cardio-Toraco-Vascolare (DICATOV), Ospedale Policlinico San Martino IRCCS - IRCCS Cardiovascular Network, Genova

Chest pain affects more than 100 million people globally, however up to 70% of patients undergoing invasive angiography do not have obstructive coronary artery disease and ischemia with non-obstructive coronary artery disease (INOCA) is often a cause of the clinical picture. The symptoms reported by INOCA patients are very heterogeneous and often misdiagnosed as non-cardiac leading to under-diagnosis/investigation and under-treatment. The underlying pathophysiological mechanisms of INOCA are multiple and include coronary vasospasm and microvascular dysfunction. Most importantly, this condition must not be considered benign: compared to asymptomatic individuals, INOCA patients present an increased incidence of cardiovascular events, rehospitalizations, as well as impaired quality of life, with increasing costs for healthcare systems. The aims of this review are to describe the pathophysiological and clinical characteristics of INOCA and to provide guidance to the medical community on the diagnostic approaches and management of INOCA, also via a series of clinical case reports.

**Key words.** Acetylcholine; Coronary artery disease; Coronary flow reserve; Coronary microvascular dysfunction; Coronary physiology; Index of microvascular resistance; INOCA; Invasive functional test; Vaso-spastic angina.





# INFORMAZIONE & RICERCA

Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

International Journal of Cardiology

journal homepage: [www.elsevier.com/locate/ijcard](http://www.elsevier.com/locate/ijcard)



"The INOCA-IT: Rationale and design of a multicenter registry investigating ischemia in patients with non-obstructive coronary artery (INOCA) disease in Italy"

Giulia Ghizzoni <sup>a,b</sup>, Antonio Maria Leone <sup>c,d,e</sup>, Luigi di Serafino <sup>f</sup>, Domenico Galante <sup>c</sup>,  
Giovanni Esposito <sup>f</sup>, Matteo Montorfano <sup>a,b</sup>, Alade Chieffo <sup>a,b,\*</sup>

<sup>a</sup> Interventional Cardiology Unit, IRCCS San Raffaele Scientific Institute, Milan, Italy

<sup>b</sup> University Vita-Salute San Raffaele, Milan, Italy

<sup>c</sup> Center of Excellence in Cardiovascular Sciences, Ospedale Fondazione Istituto Tiberina, Gemelli Isola Roma, Italy

<sup>d</sup> Department of Cardiovascular and Pneumological Sciences, Catholic University of Sacred Heart, Rome, Italy

<sup>e</sup> Fondazione Policlinico Universitario A. Gemelli IRCCS, Rome, Italy

<sup>f</sup> Department of Advanced Biomedical Sciences, Federico II University of Naples, Naples, Italy

## ARTICLE INFO

### Keywords:

Coronary microvascular dysfunction  
INOCA  
Microvascular angina  
Microvascular spasm  
Vasospastic angina

## ABSTRACT

**Background:** Ischemia with non-obstructive coronary artery (INOCA) disease is being progressively acknowledged as one of the pathophysiological mechanisms of chronic coronary syndrome (CCS) in an increasingly wide range of clinical pictures. Although the research has already begun to move towards a defined diagnostic pathway and a specific medical therapy for this disease, at present it remains a clinical challenge, especially if not thoroughly investigated.

**Methods and results:** The INOCA IT Multicenter Registry RF-2019-12369486 is a prospective, multicentric, non-randomized, single-arm, open label clinical study which aims to evaluate the efficacy of a stratified diagnostic and therapeutic approach on adverse events prevention and symptom relief in Italian patients with INOCA disease. The study population includes patients with a clinical presentation of CCS for angina and/or positive stress test for myocardial ischemia and evidence of non-obstructive coronary artery disease (CAD) at coronary angiography. In these patients a complete invasive coronary physiology assessment is performed with the guidewire-based measurement of coronary flow reserve (CFR) and index of microvascular resistance (IMR), followed by acetylcholine (ACh) spasm provocation test. On the basis of the results of coronary function testing, patients are stratified into different INOCA endotypes (coronary microvascular disease, vasospastic angina, microvascular spasm, non-cardiac chest pain) and given a tailored medical therapy in accordance with the latest scientific evidence. At one year follow-up the impact of such a target therapy on angina class and quality of life, as well as on cardiovascular adverse events (hospitalization and coronary revascularization) is evaluated.

**Conclusions:** The INOCA-IT Multicenter Registry will inform clinicians on sex-specific prevalence of INOCA in Italy and will show the impact of a stratified diagnostic and therapeutic approach on symptoms burden and prognosis of INOCA patients.

## 1. Introduction

In recent years scientific literature and everyday clinical practice have shown a need to better define and clarify a heterogeneous group of

clinical presentations relating to myocardial ischemia in patients without evidence of obstructive coronary artery disease (CAD) at invasive coronary angiography. [1] Nowadays we refer to it by the acronym INOCA: "Ischemia with Non-Obstructive Coronary Artery".

**Abbreviations:** ACh, Acetylcholine; CAD, Coronary Artery Disease; CBF, Coronary Blood Flow; CFR, Coronary Flow Reserve; CMD, Coronary Microvascular Dysfunction; CCS, Chronic Coronary Syndrome; ECG, Electrocardiographic/Electrocardiogram; FFR, Fractional Flow Reserve; IFR, Instantaneous Wave-Free Ratio; IMR, Index of Microvascular Resistance; INOCA, Ischemia with Non-Obstructive Coronary Artery Disease; RFR, Resting Full-Cycle Ratio; VSA, Vasospastic Angina.

\* Corresponding author at: University Vita-Salute San Raffaele, Via Olgettina 58, 20132 Milan, Italy.  
E-mail address: [chieffo.alade@hsr.it](mailto:chieffo.alade@hsr.it) (A. Chieffo).

<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ijcard.2024.131859>

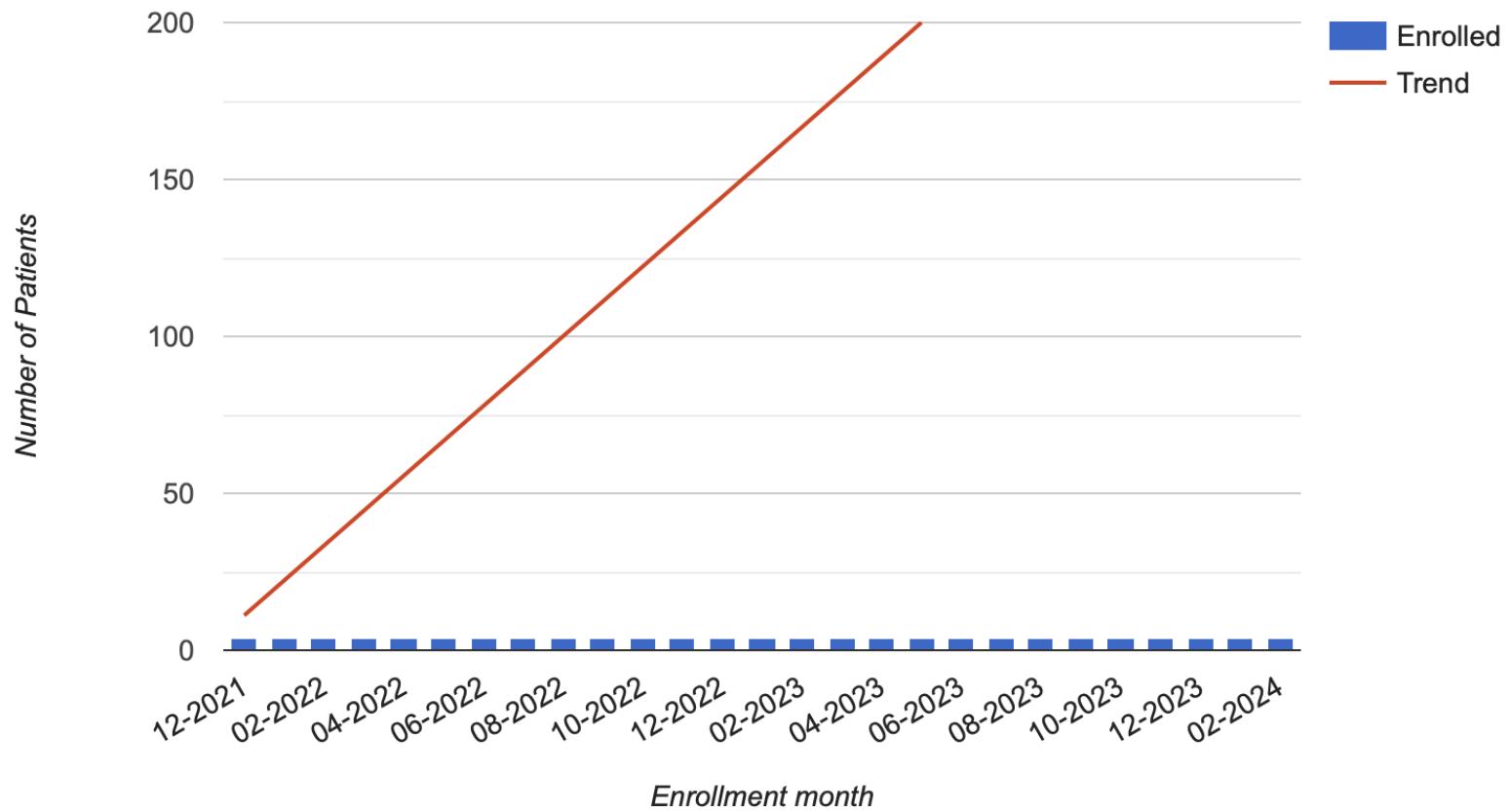
Received 4 December 2023; Received in revised form 25 January 2024; Accepted 10 February 2024

Available online 13 February 2024

0167-5273/© 2024 Elsevier B.V. All rights reserved.



# INOCA-IT REGISTRY: TREND DI ARRUOLAMENTO

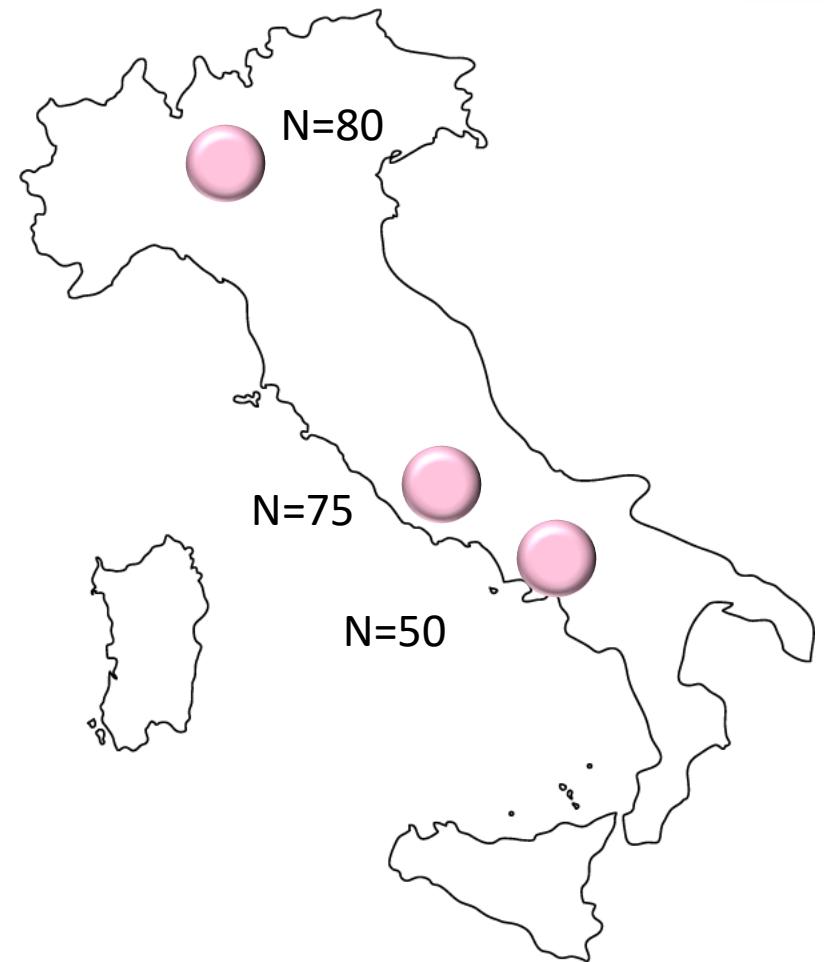


**Ischemia in patients with non-obstructive disease (INOCA) in Italy:  
INOCA IT Multicenter Registry. (RF-2019-12369486)**



## **Centers involved**

- U.O Emodinamica e Cardiologia interventistica, IRCCS Ospedale San Raffaele, Milano
- Dipartimento di Scienze Cardiovascolari e Toraciche Fondazione Policlinico Universitario A. Gemelli IRCCS, Roma
- Dipartimento Assistenziale Integrato di Emergenze Cardiovascolari, Medicina Clinica e dell'Invecchiamento Azienda Ospedaliera Universitaria Federico II, Napoli



**205 pazienti arruolati!!**

Arruolamento terminato 29/02/2024

Team  
Work!!



# Thanks for your attention



chieffo.alaide@hsr.it



@alaide\_chief



Dra\_chieffo



[Linkedin.com/in/alaide-chieffo-922ba831](https://www.linkedin.com/in/alaide-chieffo-922ba831)